[SEPTEMBER, MDCCLXVII.] [NUMB. 92.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1767.

DECLARATION,

To be delivered to the Court of Poland, *by the underſigned Miniſter of his Majeſty the King of* Pruſſia, *dated* Warſaw, *March*, —, 1767.

HIS Majeſty the King and the Republic of Poland have thought proper to cauſe a declaration to be made to his Majeſty the King of Pruſſia, and the other powers, who intereſted themſelves in the laſt diet of Poland, for the re-eſtabliſhment of the Diſſidents and Greeks, in anſwer to the repreſentations which have been made in their favour: That the Diſſidents and Nonconformiſts ſhould be maintained in all the rights and liberties that were favourable to them, and which had been granted them by the laws of Poland, particularly by the conſtitution of 1717, as well as by treaties. The ſecond article of the treaty of peace of Oliva, and the declaration of the Swediſh Miniſters on this article, which declaration was accepted and ratified by the King and Republic of Poland, ſecured not only to the towns of Poliſh Pruſſia, but alſo to all the Diſſidents of Poland and Lithuania in general, all the rights, ſpiritual and temporal, of which they were in poſſeſſion before the war, which was ended by the treaty of Oliva, and it is abſolutely the conſtitution alledged of 1717, which deprived the Diſſidents of their ancient rights. It is ſurprizing, then, that in the above-mentioned anſwer, treaties and conſtitutions are combined, which manifeſtly contradict each other; and that, at the ſame time, no obſervation ſhould be made, that colateral conſtitutions made by the Republic cannot derogate from treaties which ſhe has concluded with neighbouring ſtates. It is not leſs extraordinary, that by the ſaid declaration, the complaints of the Diſſidents are referred to the deciſion of the Biſhops. The condition of the Diſſidents becomes thereby worſe than it has ever yet been. Their lot is caſt into the hands of a body of men, who have ever been their oppoſers, who have occaſioned all the evils of which they complain, and who, by their ſtation, cannot be favourable to them. A new infringement is made on the conſtitutions of the kingdom, and the rights of the Diſſidents, by endeavouring to draw them from the ſecular juriſdiction, under whoſe power they ought to be, in order to ſubject them to that of the Clergy. Theſe few obſervations being ſufficient to ſhew, that the principles adopted and eſtabliſhed in the above-mentioned anſwer of the court of Poland, are equally contrary to the conſtitutions of the kingdom, and to the treaties and bonds of friendſhip, which ſubſiſt between the kingdom of Poland and the neighbouring ſtates: His Majeſty the King of Pruſſia cannot diſſemble to his Majeſty and the Republic of Poland, how much he is ſurprized at the contents of the ſaid anſwer, and how ſenſible to the little regard that hath been paid to his friendly repreſentations. His Majeſty thinks he perceives, ſubſiſting in the internal part of Poland ever ſince the laſt interregnum, a root of diſſentions and troubles, and is convinced, that it is neceſſary to think of the proper means to remedy it. The injuſtice which has been acted towards the Diſſidents is too great for his Majeſty not to find himſelf obliged to approve of the part they have taken, in forming themſelves into a confederacy to purſue their rights, and not to find himſelf engaged, at the ſame time, to applaud the powerful protection which her Majeſty the Empreſs of Ruſſia has granted them for this purpoſe. His Pruſſian Majeſty having hitherto acted in concert with this Sovereign, in every thing that concerns the affairs of Poland, he declares, that he looks on the re-eſtabliſhment of the Diſſidents as a principal buſineſs of the guarantee of the treaty of Oliva, wherewith he is charged, as well as of the alliance ſubſiſting between him and the Empreſs of Ruſſia; and that he cannot forbear taking his meaſures in conſequence with her Imperial Majeſty. Mean while, to prevent all bad conſequences, which cannot fail to reſult from a longer continuation of the troubles in Poland, or from a refuſal of ſatisfaction to the Diſſidents, his Majeſty thinks it his duty to adviſe the illuſtrious Poliſh nation to meet in a Diet Extraordinary, for a general pacification among all its members, and flatters himſelf, that this advice will be conſidered as a freſh proof of the invariable friendſhip which he bears to the Republic of Poland, and of the ſincere intereſt he takes in her welfare.

Theſe are the ſentiments of his Majeſty the King of Pruſſia on the preſent ſituation of affairs, which the underſigned has orders to lay before his Majeſty the King and the Republic of Poland, and of which he acquits himſelf in recommending himſelf to their good will.

(Signed) G. DE BENOIST.

The Act of Acceſſion of the three great Cities of Thorn, Elbing *and* Dantzick, *to the* Confederation, April 10, 1767.

WE the Burgomaſters and Councellors of the three great cities of Pruſſia, namely, Thorn, Elbing and Dantzick, make known by the preſent Act, that the whole Diſſident Nobleſſe of this province and the Kingdom of Poland, having, under the high protection of her Majeſty the Empreſs of all the Ruſſias and of his Majeſty the King of Pruſſia, entered, on the 20th of March of the preſent year 1767, into a Confederation at Thorn for the ſupport and re-eſtabliſhment of all their ſpiritual and temporal rights; and having elected for Marſhal of this Confederation his Excellency George William de Goltz, lieutenant general of the armies of the crown, and Staroſte of Tuchol, we have been invited by his Excellency, in the name of the whole confederated Nobleſſe, by circular letters, to accede to the ſaid Confederation; having moreover ſeen the declaration of her Imperial Majeſty of all the Ruſſias, publiſhed by Prince Repnin her ambaſſador at Warſaw, by which her Majeſty aſſures all the ſtates and members of the Kingdom of Poland of her high protection, for the maintenance of the reſpective rights and immunities of each; we the Burgomaſters and Councellors of the three great cities, after mature deliberation, with the conſent of all the reſpective ſtates of each city, conſidering the numerous infractions of our dearly acquired rights and privileges, eccleſiaſtical and civil, contrary to the primative conſtitutions of the country and the cities, and to the tenor of the laws and privileges, conſidering alſo the obligation we are under in regard to the country and cities, to attend to the maintenance of the reſpective rights and immunities of the country, we have reſolved to accept, with the moſt profound reſpect, the gracious declaration of her Imperial Majeſty, in virtue of which ſhe is willing to employ herſelf in the re-eſtabliſhment of our rights, and to take part in the above ſaid declaration: (Seeing in effect it is entirely different from the ordinary confederations, into which the cities are not accuſtomed to enter:) As in effect for and in virtue of the preſent act, we accede and take part in this re-eſtabliſhment of all our rights ſpiritual and temporal, and we engage ourſelves to act in concert in every thing that concerns the eccleſiaſtical and political rights of the province of Pruſſia, as well thoſe of the Nobleſſe, as the cities, and to employ our whole power, our effects and lives, for the re-eſtabliſhment, conſervation, and defence of theſe rights, and in no reſpect to ſeperate ourſelves from this Confederation, until, under the high protection of her Imperial Majeſty, and the other high Gurantees of the peace of Oliva, the ſpiritual rights of all in general, and each in particular, be entirely re-eſtabliſhed, and have reſumed their ancient force; proteſting nevertheleſs, that we will inviolably perſevere in our duty, and the fidelity owing and ſworn to his Majeſty the King our moſt gracious Maſter; and reſerving to ourſelves the perfect enjoyment of all our rights and immunities. In teſtimony of which we affix the ordinary ſeals of the three cities.

The Seal of the city of Thorn.	The Seal of the city of Elbing.	The Seal of the city of Dantzick.

NEW-YORK, JULY 30.

FROM Elizabeth-Town we have certain intelligence, that ſome of the Officers of the 28th regiment, quartered lately at that place, had been ſued for debt, had conceived a pique againſt the under-ſheriff of that borough, and being to embark at Amboy on Tueſday, ſome of them having firſt raiſed their ſpirits with ſtrong drink the evening before, ſerenaded the town with their drum and fife, 'till near midnight. About one o'clock in the morning, they began an attack on the court-houſe, where the under-ſheriff lived, broke the windows, and endeavoured to force the door, the under-ſheriff thereupon rang the bell and alarmed the inhabitants; many of whom coming to his aſſiſtance he opened the door, and as they entered the houſe, the officers entered with them, and fell upon the under-ſheriff:—A perfect riot ſucceeded, and many blows paſſed on both ſides:——The officers finding themſelves likely to be overpowered, withdrew to the guard; where the magiſtrates ſoon after followed, and demanded the rioters; but the guard was ordered to their arms, and at day-light, they and all the officers marched off for Amboy, and immediately embarked on board the tranſports. Several of the magiſtrates of the borough ſoon followed after, and made application both to the commanding officer, and to the chief juſtice of the province; whereupon the tranſgreſſors were ordered aſhore, and on examination made an humble acknowledgment of their offence; begged pardon of the magiſtrates, paid all the coſts, and twenty pounds damage to the under-ſheriff, and five pounds to another man they had abuſed; after which they were diſmiſſed, and again embarked for their voyage; tho' many thought the puniſhment not adequate to the atrociouſneſs of the tranſaction that brought it on, yet it is a pity, that men, who call themſelves men of honour, ſhould leave a place with ſuch a deſpicable name behind them. The other part of the regiment, who were quartered at Amboy, embarked on board the tranſports the ſame day, and to their honour be it ſaid, that during their continuance there, they have in general behaved with honour and integrity.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.

Laſt Sunday evening the Royal Highland Regiment embarked for Ireland; which regiment, ſince its arrival in America, is diſtinguiſhable for having undergone moſt amazing fatigues; made long and frequent marches through an inhoſpitable country, bearing the moſt exceſſive heat, and ſevereſt cold, with alacrity and chearfulneſs; frequently encamping in the deep ſnows, ſuch as thoſe who inhabit the interior parts of this province rarely ſee, and which thoſe only who inhabit the moſt northern parts of Europe, can have an idea of; continually expoſed in camp, and on their marches, to the alarms of the ſavage enemy, who as frequently flew from them ſucceſſleſs in their attempts; were preſent at almoſt every engagement during the late war in the Weſt-Indies and America; ſerved at Guadaloupe, Martinico, the Havana, at Ticonderoga, at the reduction of Fort Du Queſne, at the reduction of Canada. They have the ſincere thanks of the freemen of this province, for that ſtill further diſtinguiſhing mark of their reſolution and bravery, by which, under the conduct of Colonel Bouquet, aſſiſted by a ſmall number of the Royal Americans, this, and the neighbouring provinces are now at eaſe, and have the bleſſings of peace ſecured to them, from any further interruption from the ſavage enemy; and that though they were much inferior in number, and had an additional diſadvantage, a large convoy to protect, they defeated an enemy, whom, if ſucceſsful, would have deſolated the whole frontier; and, inſtead of the diſtreſs, which would have been conſequently felt in the interior parts of the province, have reſtored a beneficial and advantageous commerce. Beſides our thanks for having thus ſecured our peace, they receive our thanks for that decorum in behaviour, which they kept up during their ſtay in the barracks of this city, giving an example, that the moſt amiable behaviour in civil life, is not inconſiſtent with the character of the good ſoldier; and for their loyalty, fidelity, and orderly behaviour, the inhabitants of this city with them, the officers and men, health, happineſs, a ſafe and agreeable voyage.

From Penſacola we learn, that the commandant of the Spaniſh troops, which were ſent to take poſſeſſion of New-Orleans, having ſome diſpute with the French Engineer at that place, had withdrawn his detachment and lay about thirty miles down the river, where he was waiting further orders. We further learn, that the French inhabitants in general are very much diſſatisfied that they ſhould be under the Spaniſh Government.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majeſty's ſaid Province, and Vice-Admiral of the ſame.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS ſeveral Murders and Houſe Robberies have lately been committed in the interior Parts of this Province, ſituated between ORANGEBURGH, and the RIDGE, by a Set of daring and atrocious Villains, who have aſſociated themſelves, and in open Defiance of Law and Authority, do go in Numbers, with Fire-Arms, up and down the Country, perpetrating ſuch daring Crimes, whereby the Lives and Properties of his Majeſty's liege and faithful Subjects in thoſe Parts are hourly endangered, and they themſelves held in continual Dread and Terror: In order therefore, to bring ſuch atrocious Offenders to condign Puniſhment, and to preſerve the Peace of the Settlement, and the Lives and Properties of His Majeſty's Subjects there reſiding; I HAVE THOUGHT FIT, by the Advice of His Majeſty's Honourable Council, to Iſſue this my PROCLAMATION, hereby offering a Reward of THIRTY POUNDS PROCLAMATION MONEY, to any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall apprehend and bring to the Common Goal in *Charles-Town*, any of the Perſons who have been the Principals in any of the Murders and Robberies committed in the Weſtern Parts of this Province, for each Perſon ſo apprehended and brought to Goal. AND I DO hereby, ſtrictly enjoin and require all Juſtices, Conſtables, Peace-Officers, and others His Majeſty's liege Subjects, to be aiding and aſſiſting in bringing them to Juſtice.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at Charles-Town, *this Twenty-firſt Day of* Auguſt, *Anno Domini* 1767, *and in the Seventh Year of His Majeſty's Reign.*

C. G. MONTAGU.

By His Excellency's Command,
JOHN BULL, *pro Secr.*

NOWELL & LORD,

HAVE imported in the Brigantine EAGLE, *Captain* BURROWS, *from* LIVERPOOL;

AN ASSORTMENT of extraordinary good white, blue, and green PLAINS, *Iriſh* LINENS from 7s. 6d. per Yard to 40s. *Iriſh* Oznabrugs, a few Hogſheads of beſt ſingle refined Loaf Sugar, *Cheſhire* and *Glouceſter* CHEESE, bottled ALE, Chimney and Hearth Tiles, ſhort and long Pipes, white Stone Plates and Diſhes, Butter Jars, Milk Pans, yellow and black Earthen Ware in Crates, ſplit Peaſe, and a few Tons of COALS, which they will ſell very low.

A New and genteel *Italian* RIDING CHAIR, to be ſold cheap, by THOMAS & ROGER SMITH.

They have alſo a large QUANTITY of faſhionable SILKS, to be diſpoſed of reaſonably.

J. HARVEY, and D. BATY,

TAKE the Liberty of acquainting their Friends, that they have to diſpoſe of at their STORE in *Gadſden's Alley*, next Door to CROUCH's Printing-Office, MADEIRA WINE by the Pipe, Quarter Caſk, or Dozen.——Old JAMAICA RUM, by the Hogſhead, Quarter-Caſk, or ſmaller Quantity, not leſs than three Gallons.——WEST-INDIA RUM, two Years old, and good Northward RUM by the like Quantity.——Likewiſe a few Dozen of choice CLARET, and a ſmall Quantity of very good COFFEE.——Thoſe who pleaſe to favour them with their Commands, may depend upon being ſerved on the moſt reaſonable Terms, and ſhorteſt Notice.

Orders from the Country will be punctually complied with.

ATKINS and WESTON,

Have imported from Briſtol, *in the Ship* Lloyd, *Capt.* Pocock,

A Choice Quantity of NEGRO CLOTH, with Nails, Iron Pots, &c. which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable Terms at their Store in Charles-Town and Stono.

ANIMADVERSIONS on STATE-QUACKERY.

[Taken from the *Universal Magazine* for April, 1767.]

THE body politic has often been compared to the body natural. Both, indeed, are compoſed of ſeveral Members; both are ſubject to various diſorders, and both occaſionally fall into the hands of empirics and mountebanks, who pretend to undertake their ſeveral cures.

As to the State, every new miniſter has a new noſtrum, and, when being firſt called in, declares, like all other Quacks, that Madam England is old, and in very great danger, and that nothing but his ſpecific can reſtore the ſhattered Conſtitution of his patient. Accordingly, each of them puts the old Lady under a new Regimen, to which ſhe is obliged to ſubmit. The cure, however, becomes more and more hopeleſs; the phyſician gives her over; and, to the ſurpriſe of all the world, the patient recovers.

It is a moſt certain, as well as melancholy truth, that the Remedy is often worſe than the Diſeaſe. The doctor not only exhauſts the purſe of the patient by moſt exorbitant fees, but drains the very vital ſources. In one circumſtance all the practitioners agree. They all make pompous profeſſions; and procure the King's patent; and all leave the object of their attention worſe than they found it. Were an ancient citizen of Rome, or Athens, to revive, and viſit Britain, he would think, on reading the firſt and laſt pages of a new Paper, where Hill and Redmond, Rock and Walker, anounce their medical talents and diſcoveries, that it was impoſſible for an Engliſhman to die, or be ſick. Were he to be tranſported to certain aſſemblies, near Weſtminſter, hearing the patriotic profeſſions of thoſe great men in power, and thoſe great men out of power, he would cry, like Murphy's upholſterer, "How are they ruined?" and would imagine that Aſtræa had left the ſkies, to take up her reſidence in Palace-Yard.

It is certain, however, notwithſtanding the medicines of Hill and his aſſociates, that the Bills of mortality do not decreaſe; and that, in ſpite of even the Earl of Chatham, or the Honourable Mr. George Grenville, that it is agreed on all hands, that the nation is in a very bad way. If, indeed, if you find a bow'r to any of the declared friends of the Adminiſtration, they tell you that the moſt ſalutary meaſures are purſued, and that Old-England, like a Lady lying-in, is as well as can be expected. But, if you make inquiries after the national welfare of any of the oppoſite party, they repreſent Britannia as at her laſt gaſp, and that nothing but a Conſultation, compoſed of their friends, can afford the moſt diſtant hopes of her recovery.

Upon theſe conſiderations, I have long accuſtomed myſelf to conſider the State-Quacks and Common Epirics in the ſame light. Walpole and Miſaubin, Pelham and Ward, Pitt and Rock, are, in my eye, characters equally reſpectable. Each boaſt their panaceas and reſtoratives, and each with the ſame juſtice and ſucceſs. I could wiſh, therefore, as every political mountebank is attached to ſome particular mode of preſcription, ſome darling remedy for every public evil, which he earneſtly and diſintereſtedly recommends to his countrymen, that they would (like their Brother-Quacks) advertiſe their medicines, and ſet forth their own ſkill, and the virtues of their ſeveral ſpecifics, in journals and hand-bills. We might then be told in plain terms, by ſome miniſterial Jack pudding, that a ſecond-ſighted doctor, with a cure for the King's-evil, was juſt arrived from Scotland; or a High-German, with Beume de Vie, from Bath.

Scots Pills might be advertiſed for the Earl of Bute. American Pine-buds, by the Earl of Chatham. Boſom of Oriental Balſam, by Lord Clive. Corn Salve, by Lord Manſfield. Jeſuits Drops, by the Hon. C. Townſhend. Panaceas, &c. &c. &c. &c. by the Marquis of Rockingham.

Sunday Evening the Brigantine Aſton, *Captain* Caird, *arrived here in Eight Weeks from* Liverpool, *by whom we have received the following Advices, viz.*

FLORENCE, JUNE 6.

ON Wedneſday the 2d inſtant, a bark arrived at Leghorn with two Corſican officers on board from Caprara, with an account of the ſurrender of the fortreſs of that little iſland to the Corſicans, on the 28th paſt, after a blockade of 102 days.

Warſaw, June 6. The points that were propoſed in the Senatus Conſilium, held from the 25th to the end of laſt month, are, 1ſt, What was the opinion of the Aſſembly concerning the acts paſſed in the confederacies of the Diſſidents, and communicated to the King, as alſo to the Councellors in this preſent Senatus Conſilium, and likewiſe touching the march of the Ruſſian troops in this kingdom, and the declaration of the Empreſs. 2dly, In what manner the Ambaſſador expected from the Khan of the Tartars, ſhould be received, conducted, and entertained. 3dly, Whether it would not be proper to collect the Archieves of the Crown, and thoſe of the Great Dutchy of Lithuania, diſperſed in different places, in order to depoſit them in a convenient place, aſſigning at the ſame time, proper appointments to the perſons that ſhall be charged with the buſineſs. 4thly, Whether, as the Town-houſe of Lublin, where the Court of Juſtice ſits, is greatly decayed, neceſſity does not require that a certain ſum ſhould be appropriated for the rebuilding of it.

Genoa, June 9. Orders are given to reinforce the garriſon of Bonifaccio, and ſend proviſions thither, from an apprehenſion that the Corſicans will lay ſiege to that place.

Dantzick, June 2. According to advices from Warſaw, the Count de Miniſzek, Grand Marſhal of the Court, the Biſhop of Cracow, and ſeveral other Grandees have left that city, after having given on many occaſions, marks of their diſcontent, concerning the manner in which moſt of the Senators and Miniſters of the Crown, manage and prepare matters relative to the affairs of the Diſſidents.

Leghorn, May 31. The maſter of a ſmall bark arrived here from Baſtia, reports, that the Spaniſh veſſels having on board the Jeſuits of that kingdom, were ſtill in that port; theſe Fathers not being permitted to land, on account of the Marſhal de Marbeuf's not having yet received any orders relative to their diſembarkation.

LONDON, JUNE 25.

THEY *write from Straſbourgh, that on the 22d of laſt month, the village of Kittolſheim, with all its environs in the bailiwick of Hoguenau, after having endured a terrible ſtorm of wind, mingled with hail and thunder, was laid under water by a torrent which formed about ſix in the evening, from a ſudden and very abundant rain which fell.*

According to private advices from Leghorn, it was reported, that Paſchal de Paoli, was fitting out a grand expedition to the Continent, which threatened the city of Genoa iſſelf with a bombardment.

We hear that Mountfort Browne, Eſq; has obtained the grant of an extenſive Tract of land in Britiſh Louiſiana, bordering on the Miſſiſippi, a very fertile territory, and intended to be ſettled with German emigrants and other proteſtant families from the Continent.

They write from Warſaw, of the 6th of June, that not a day had paſſed for ſome time without the arrival of expreſſes bringing advice of ſome new confederacies.

We hear that the Right Hon. Henry Seymour Conway has declared his intention of immediately reſigning his office of Secretary of State for the Northern Department.

JUNE 27. We hear that his Grace the Duke of Devonſhire, will ſet out on Monday next to make the tour of Europe.

We hear that Robert Gunning, Eſq; his Majeſty's Reſident at Copenhagen, will ſoon be created a Baronet of Great Britain, previous to his being inveſted with a ſuperior publick character, at the Daniſh Court.

By a Gentleman juſt arrived from Scotland, we are informed, that at Edinburgh and other places they are at preſent greatly agitated by the near approach of the determination of the Douglas great cauſe, and that bets are near on an equality: That ſeveral ſhort-hand Gentlemen are arrived from London to take down the debates, for which they are to be paid from 300 to 500 guineas each perſon; and that moſt of the Nobility and perſons of diſtinction in that kingdom were come to Edinburgh to be preſent at the debates.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Archibald Montgomery, Eſq; Member for the Shire of Air, and brother to the Earl of Eglington, to be Colonel of the 51ſt regiment of foot, in the room of the Hon. General Brudenell, deceaſed.

Some curious Mathematical Machines, which have paſſed an examination before the Board of Longitude, &c. will in a few days be put on board ſome of his Majeſty's ſhips, to try ſeveral experiments in different Latitudes at Sea.

The celebrated Mr. Wilkes is writing a hiſtory of England from the Glorious Revolution to the end of the fourth year of his preſent Majeſty, and a conſiderable part of it is already finiſhed.

We hear that orders are given for the ſhips to be got ready for the Naval Review, which is ſhortly to be made at Spithead.

The Right Hon. the Houſe of Peers did not riſe till paſt eleven o'clock on Thurſday night.

Yeſterday, after the Council broke up, the Earl of Northington had the honour of a private conference with his Majeſty.

'Tis confidently ſaid, that whatever change in the adminiſtration takes place, the Earl of Egmont will make one of the new miniſters.

We hear from good authority, that the Dolphin man of war, in her preſent voyage, has ſeen a nation of ſavages, amounting to five or ſix hundred of both ſexes, on the eaſt ſide of Patagonia, and near the ſame ſpot where the Dolphin ſaw the gigantic ſavages in her former voyage; that they were very deſirous of coming on board the ſhips; that Capt. Wallis meaſured ſeveral of them, and their ſtature were from five feet ſeven inches to ſix feet nine inches. Thoſe ſavages ſhewed them ſeveral European commodities, which they found to be French; and a Gentleman, who ſends this account, ſays, that they were not the ſame people as were ſeen by the Dolphin in her firſt voyage, he having been on ſhore both times, nor had they a ſingle article of the preſents given by the Hon. Commodore Byron. After leaving them, and ſtanding away with the ſhips for the Streights of Magellan, they ſaw abundance of ſmoke in-land, which they ſuppoſed to be made by the giants; but as they could not diſtinguiſh any objects whatever, they continued their courſe into the Streights. Thoſe latter ſavages are undoubtedly the ſame, as were ſeen by the French the laſt year, they anſwering in moſt particulars to the account given of them by the Abbe Coyer, in his letter to Dr. Maty. Nor can we reconcile the two accounts better than the Abbe has done, in ſuppoſing the giants to be a diſtinct tribe, they looking on all ſuch that are born among them, and that do not grow to a certain height, as dwarfs, and baniſhing them from their ſociety; but both tribes live in amity with each other, but without cohabiting.

Letters from Stockholm ſay, that the Government, having been informed that the people of that city continued to make uſe of coffee, notwithſtanding the prohibition, they had iſſued orders to the college of trade to give notice to all the dealers in that commodity, that they were expected to give in a liſt of the quantity lying in their reſpective warehouſes, in order, it is ſaid, that it may be ſent out of the kingdom.

They write from Mentz, in Germany, that on the 23d of laſt month, at night, there was a great ſtorm. The cathedral was ſet on fire by the lightening, the roof and part of the Tower were burnt, and the bells were melted. The inſide of the church alſo ſuffered conſiderably, and the expence of the repairs will amount to two millions of florins.

Authentic advice is received from Paris, that the Aurora frigate, which had been detained by contrary winds till the 25th of laſt month in the port of Havre, arrived at Calais on the 27th, about ten in the forenoon, when the Marquis de Courtenvaux went on ſhore, in order to aſcertain the motions of the pendulums, which are intended for the determination of the longitude, of the ſucceſs of which the French have conceived great hopes; the Marquis propoſed to put to ſea again on the 6th of this month for Dunkirk, and, after remaining in the road four days, in order to find what effect the rolling of the ſhip will have upon them, he was to proceed on his way to Holland.

They write from Toulon, that an expedition of importance were fitting out there, whoſe deſtination was ſaid to be againſt Tunis, on the Barbary coaſt, the French commerce in the Mediterranean being greatly interrupted by their Corſairs.

We hear that the dividend of the Eaſt-India Company will be fixed at ten per cent.

If we may credit what ſome ſay, the cauſe of the poor will not be heard *this Seſſion; if ſo, a* Dearneſs *and* Scarcity of Proviſion *will ſtill continue.*

We hear, that the Diſſenters are in great hopes of having the Teſt Act repealed by the next new Parliament, for which purpoſe, it is ſaid, they intend at the next General Election, to propoſe to the Candidates they ſhall vote for, that they ſhall endeavour to the utmoſt of their power to obtain this favour for them.

Sunday evening late the Duke de Lauſanne arrived at Mr. Coppendale's Hotel in Great Suffolk-ſtreet, from France, and next morning early ſet out on his return to Paris. From his arrival, and ſudden departure, it is thought that ſomething extraordinary is on the Tapis.

Notwithſtanding all that has been ſaid to the contrary, we are now aſſured for certain, that ſome important changes will ſpeedily take place in the Adminiſtration, but in favour of whom is not certainly known. The Marquis of Rockingham, it is thought, will be at the head of the Treaſury, and the Earl of Halifax Secretary of State.

It is ſaid, that the Right Hon. Lord Weymouth will ſhortly be appointed to ſome diſtinguiſhed poſt in the Adminiſtration.

Tueſday the Duke de Fronſac ſet out from his Excellency the French Ambaſſador's houſe in Soho-ſquare, for Paris.

They write from Altena, that two Engliſh Agents are now buſy there in engaging a great number of Proteſtant Palatines for the new Britiſh ſettlements in America.

Thurſday an information was granted by the Court of King's Bench againſt a certain Printer, charged with publiſhing a falſe and ſcandalous Libel, written out of ſpleen and implacable malace, againſt Mr. M'Alleſter, on account of the remarkable books lately publiſhed by him, intitled, A Series of Letters, &c. *From what appeared on the motion, many judicious perſons are of opinion that that work will make more noiſe, and be attended with more important conſequences, than the generality of people at firſt imagined.*

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

WE hear that a ſolemn faſt will be appointed throughout the kingdom, and that a general Form of Prayer will be read in all the churches, beſeeching Almighty God, of his infinite mercy, to ſpare the life of Mrs. Britannia, *whoſe conſtitution is quite broke down by the Quacks, into whoſe hands ſhe unluckily truſted herſelf during her late indiſpoſition. Several Phyſicians of ſkill, who have had acceſs to her, declare her caſe to be an incurable conſumption, her ſtamina being fairly worn out. Others ſuſpect treachery and poiſon, and do not abſolutely deſpair of a recovery, in caſe the proper antidotes are uſed; but of this there are little hopes.*

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPTEMBER 8.

SINCE our laſt ſeveral Veſſels have arrived here from the Weſt-Indies, who brings an Account of a very hard Gale of Wind having happened in thoſe Parts, (as mentioned in our laſt) but we have received no particular Account thereof.

The Grantham Packet Boat, Captain Bull, from this Port, arrived at Falmouth in 37 Days.

The Lloyd, Captain Pocock, will ſail the firſt fair Wind for Briſtol: Letters to go by ſaid Ship may be left at Meſſrs. Inglis & Lloyd's.——The Captains Brynan and Gelſton, will ſail alſo the firſt fair Wind for New-York: Letters to go by either of thoſe Veſſels may be left at Meſſrs. Torrans and Poaug's.

Roger Peter Handaſyd Hatley, Eſq; is appointed Deputy-Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for this Port, by the Hon. Daniel Moore, Eſq; Collector, who, we hear, is going to England.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleaſed to appoint Gabriel Manigault, Ebenezer Simmons, and Hopkin Price, Eſqrs, and Mr. Edward Blake, to be Commiſſioners of the Fortifications in Charles-Town, whereby all the Vacancies at that Board are all filled up; alſo Maurice Simons, Eſq; to be Comptroller of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at the Port of George-Town, Winyaw; and Andrew Agnew, Eſq; to be Receiver of Country-duties, and Mr. William Toſland, to be Country-waiter, at the Port of Beaufort, Port-Royal; likewiſe William Kelſall, Thomas Rutledge, John Joyner, John De Lagayè, Daniel De Sauſſure, John Barnwell, Henry Stuart, and William Elliott, Eſqrs, to be Commiſſioners of Pilotage for the Bar and Harbour of Beaufort aforeſaid.

We learn from Rhode-Iſland, that there has been a ſevere Drought this Summer in that and ſome of the other adjacent Colonies.

*** No Entries to be obtained for this Day's Gazette, on Account of the Badneſs of the Weather.

New Advertiſements.

ROBERT and NATHANIEL STOTT,

Have juſt imported in the Eagle, *Capt.* Burrows, *from* LIVERPOOL;

A General aſſortment of checks, ſtriped hollands, handkerchiefs; India dimothies, figured and plain; counterpanes, black velvets, velverets and jenets, beaver hats, gartering, low priced threads, &c. which being all bought from the manufacturers, will be ſold much lower than the uſual advance; checks by the piece ſo low as 4s. 6d. per yard, and other widths in proportion.——By the ſame veſſel they have likewiſe received, a neat aſſortment of Iriſh linens, printed cottons, loaf ſugar, &c. which will be ſold upon very reaſonable terms, at their ſtore, next to Elliott-ſtreet, in Beadon's-alley.

REBECCA WOODIN,

(Removed from Meeting-ſtreet into a healthful and convenient houſe of Mr. Dandridge's, *on White Point, at the foot of Doctor Murray's Bridge, next to Mr. Morris the Painter.)*

CONTINUES to teach young Ladies in the different branches of polite education, viz. reading Engliſh and French, writing and arithmetic, needle-work, and muſic and dancing by proper maſters. And takes this method to return thanks for paſt favours, as well as to requeſt a continuance of the public's encouragement and recommendation, flattering herſelf that ſhe ſhall be able to give ſatisfaction to all who place their children under her care.

N. B. She has room for houſe and day boarders.

THOMAS WOODIN,

Carver and Cabinet-Maker, teaches DRAWING *in all its Branches at the ſame Place.*

AND has to ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, ſome curious mahogany work, viz. Deſks, and Book-Caſes with glaſs doors, Ladies Dreſſing-Tables, with all the uſeful apparatus; Chineſe Bamboo Tea-Tables, and Kitchen Stands, &c. all London made.

MARIA WARWELL,

INFORMS the Public, that ſhe continues MENDING CHINA, in the neateſt and moſt durable Manner, and ſells the Cement in Jelly-pots, from *Twenty Shillings* to *Five Pounds*: It may be had of any Colour, and Directions are given how to uſe and preſerve it.

WANTED,

ONE or two good WAITERS for a Tavern, where great encouragement will be given.——Enquire of the Printer.

ON Wednesday the 30th Inst. September, will be holden at the House of Mrs. CATHERINE BACKHOUSE, on the Bay, a Quarterly Meeting of the

ST. GEORGE's SOCIETY.

When and where the Members are desired to meet precisely at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, for the Dispatch of Business of Consequence.

By Order of the President,
WILLIAM MAXWELL, Secretary.

NORTH-CAROLINA, Mecklenburgh County. } WHEREAS *it hath been proved on Oath, by seven Evidences, that* HUGH BERRY *did, on the tenth Day of this Instant, commit* Murder *upon the Body of* Hugh Irwin, *and is since fled for the same, and not yet apprehended: He is about Forty-five Years of Age, brown Hair, a large Wind-gall near the head of his Hair, and another on his Back, if searched; has a Pearl on his Eye, is Pock-marked, a heavy Countenance, thick Legs, and big Feet; about five Feet ten Inches high, the Colour of his Clothes not known, for he fled almost naked.*

THESE ARE THEREFORE *to command you in his Majesty's Name, forthwith to make diligent Search for said* HUGH BERRY, *and make* Hue *and* Cry *after him, from Town to Town, and from County to County, and that as well by Horse-men as Foot-men, according to Law; and that if you shall find him, that then you bring him before some one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where he shall be taken, to be dealt with as the Law may direct; and herein fail not.*

Given under my Hand and Seal, this 12th Day of August, 1767. THOMAS NEEL.

To all Constables and other Officers, as well in said County as others, to whom the Execution hereof shall belong.

TWENTY POUNDS,

For the taking of said HUGH BERRY, *and causing him to be put into the Goal of* Salisbury, *to be paid out of the Estate of the said* Hugh Irwin.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION *in St. James's Parish, Goose-Creek, where Doctor Mottet now lives;*

CONTAINING six hundred and seventeen acres, whereon is a good dwelling-house, overseer's house, and every other necessary building, in good repair. On the said plantation may be made an extraordinary rice field, of upwards of two hundred acres, out of a marsh of fine blue clay foundation, having sufficient back water for a thousand acres. Also as good a brick yard as any in the province may be erected on a landing where a vessel of one hundred tons burthen may load at any time of tide, with a great quantity of proper wood for the business near at hand, with conveniency of water, &c.——Any person inclinable to purchase said plantation, with six Negroes, a good stock of tame cattle, horses, &c. also a great quantity of hay, potatoes, and other provisions, must apply to Doctor WILSON in Charles-Town, said MOTTET on the spot, or to me in Goose-Creek. WILLIAM WITHERS.

To be sold at publick Vendue, at the House of Mr. William Flinn, *in George-Town, on Tuesday the 29th of September, instant;*

ALL *the personal estate of* Thomas Lyol Brumby, *deceased, consisting of a stock of hogs, a good horse, the hull of a new well-built Pilot-boat, (her dimensions is 27 feet keel, streight rabit, 11 feet 10 inches beam, and five feet and a half hold.) A large Flat, a neat clinck-work Boat, with a suit of sails; a case of surveyor's pocket instruments, a silver watch, carpenters and plantation tools, &c. &c. Credit will be given to the first day of January, 1768, for all sums above twenty pounds, paying interest from the day of sale, and giving approved security; and for all sums of and under twenty pounds, ready money; the property not to be altered until the conditions are complied with.*

All persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased, are desired to make immediate payment; and the creditors to give in their demands properly attested, to
ELIZABETH BRUMBY, Administratrix.

TO BE SOLD,

On Wednesday the 30th Day of this Instant, September, by public Outcry, at the House of the late JOHN STORY, *deceased, in Beaufort;*

PART of the personal estate of the said deceased, being two very good house-wenches, one of which is a good cook, washer and ironer, and a child; sundry household furniture, shop joiner and turner's tools, some good mahogany plank, a parcel of sheep, a riding horse, and sundry other articles. The conditions will be declared at the time of sale.——It is hoped all persons having any demands against the said deceased, will not omit sending an account of the same, properly attested, by the first day of November next; and all those indebted, are earnestly desired to pay the same by the above day, otherwise they must expect to be sued, without any further notice from
ELIZABETH STORY, Administratrix.

On Wednesday the 30th of September, Instant, will be sold at the Subscriber's Plantation at the Horse-shoe;

A Parcel of household furniture, and a few horses, one of which is of the English breed, belonging to the estate of MOSES LINUS; all sums under fifty pounds to be paid immediately; and all above, credit will be given till the first of January, 1768, giving approved security, if required.——All persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands, is desired to make them known, to WHITMARSH FULLER, Executor.

FOUR ROOMS,

IN a very good House, with a Kitchen and Store-Room,

TO BE LET,

And may be entered upon in October next. For further Particulars, enquire of the Printer. *September 8, 1767.*

DAVIES & WAYNE,

OF CHARLES-TOWN;

HAVING assigned over to me, in Behalf of their Creditor in England, their Books, Bonds, Notes, Accounts, and other Effects: I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THEREOF, and advise all Persons whatsoever indebted to them, to settle with me, and pay their Debts, as I am determined to put every such Debt in suit as fast as I can make them out.

I also give the same Notice to all Persons indebted to the Estate of ANDREW JOHNSTON, and THOMPSON and HUNTER, deceased, late Merchants of this Province.

6m. ROBERT RAPER.

INDIAN CORN, either ground or unground, to be sold at market price, by JAMES JOHNSTON, baker, in Church-street, next house but one to Tradd-street corner.——Corn flour at five shillings the peck, grits at three shillings and nine pence, and so in proportion for any quantity, at any time from eight in the morning till five in the afternoon, for ready money only: Also all sorts of ship biscuit, either made of English or corn flour.——He can now furnish from twenty to thirty bushels a day, as he has got a mill which grinds with a horse.——He would likewise be willing to engage with any gentleman for 500 or a 1000 bushels of Indian corn, of the best kind, for which cash will be paid on the delivery of 50 or 100 bushels at a time.——*N. B.* Ship biscuit by the hundred, half hundred, or quarter of a hundred.

To be LET or SOLD,

THE subscriber's house, wherein he lately lived up the path, a large well finished and convenient dwelling, with eight very good rooms, with fire-places; a very dry and lofty cellar, and every necessary out-building, with fixteen acres of ground, very good pasture, now under a new fence.——Enquire of RAWLINS LOWNDES.

A Person who is well qualified to go Patroon of a Schooner, would be glad of Employment in that Way. Enquire of the Printer.

THE subscriber gives notice to all persons, that his wife HESTER is now become a sole trader by his consent, and that any body may trust her as such on her seperate account, independent of him.

August 27, 1767. HENRY FULCKER.

RUN-AWAY from RAWLINS LOWNDES's plantation at the Horse-Shoe, about November last, a Negro fellow Named FRANK;

Speaks little English, and was brought into the province about four years ago; he is a well-set strong made Negro, of the Guinea country, his teeth filed, and has his country marks on each of his temples, his forehead, and about his back. *Twenty Pounds* reward will be given for apprehending him.

SCOTT's FERRY,

IS now in my possession, which shall for the future be faithfully attended with good boats and hands, and the greatest dispatch possible given to all ladies and gentlemen that chuse to pass that way. One boat will be continually in town for the reception of passengers, for which enquire at Mr. Tuke's tavern.—Also at Mr. Fuller's, opposite to the same ferry, a large commodious boat for the reception of carriages and horses, which will meet with speedy conveyance. WILLIAM PRESTON.

N. B. At the above ferry will be kept good entertainment, with good pasturage for horses.——Also this is to desire all persons indebted to HENRY IRBY, late of the above ferry, to make speedy payment to me, as he has assigned over all his books, bonds, &c. for that purpose.

DOLLARS,

At THIRTY-TWO SHILLINGS, taken in Payment for fine

OLD HIGH-PROOF RUMS,

From Jamaica, Barbados, *and the* Northward, *now selling off, Wholesale and Retale, extremely cheap,*

By WILLIAM HULME,

At the South-Corner of Elliott-street, *facing the Fish-Market, on the B A Y;*

WHERE may be had, Madera, Vidonia, and Lisbon WINES, BRANDY and GIN, excellent in their Kinds; CHOCOLATE, TOBACCO, and SNUFF;—COFFEE fresh roasted every Day.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber in Charles-Town, on Wednesday the 5th of August, 1767, a Negro fellow named GEORGE; a black well made fellow, about five feet six inches high, very much pitted with the small-pox, is this country born, and well known in town and country; he was the property of John Mackinzie, Esq; and is supposed to be harboured at his plantation at Goose-Creek, where he is well known; he had on when he went away, a blue broad cloth coat, red jacket, and black breeches. Whoever will deliver the said fellow to me on Wando Neck, to Mr. Anthony Toomer, in Charles-Town, or to the Warden of the Work-house, shall receive FIVE POUNDS reward.——I forewarn all masters of vessels and others, to hire, harbour, or carry off the said fellow at their peril. JOSHUA TOOMER.

IN the possession of James Marion, in St. Thomas's parish, the following strays, viz. One ashes colour mare, about 12 hands and a half high, and three years old.——One dark brown mare, 13 hands high, and four years old.——Two ditto bright bays, 12 hands and a half high, and three years old; the above strays is neither docked nor branded. Whoever owns the said strays, must apply in six months, as the law directs in that case, to
BENJAMIN MARION, J. P.

ZACHARIAH STERLING, informs me of a bay gelding, about 13 hands high, branded on the off shoulder I B, and on the mounting shoulder with a brand not to be understood, having strayed into his field near Dorchester. The owner must prove his property before
JOHN TROUP, J. P.

TO BE LET,

(On easy Terms)

THE STORES in Elliott-Street, lately occupied by us, which are very convenient.
HARLESTON & BONNEAU.

THE subscriber desires all persons any way indebted to SAMUEL WISE, to make immediate payment, or their respective debts will be put into the hands of WILLIAM BURROWS, Esq; without further notice.
GEORGE BEDON, jun. Attorney.

N. B. He has a parcel of choice barreled Pork to dispose of.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered on immediately;

A Very convenient House in Meeting-street, almost opposite Mrs. BRANFORD's. For further Particulars, enquire of
JAMES SKIRVING.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

In the Common House of Assembly, the 20th Day of April, 1767.

ORDERED,

THAT publick Notice be given, That by an Act passed the 18th Instant, intitled, *An Act for the more frequent holding of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize, and General Goal Delivery; and to appoint and establish a new List of Jurymen; and to authorize and impower the Assistant Judges to take Renunciations of Dower from Feme-Coverts;* IT IS AMONG OTHER THINGS ENACTED, That from, and immediately after the passing of this Act, instead of the Times heretofore appointed for the holding the said Court of General Sessions, (to wit) the Third Wednesday in March, and the Third Wednesday in October; the said Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize, and General Goal Delivery, shall always hereafter be holden, and set three Times in every Twelve Months, (that is to say) On the Third Monday in October, on the Third Monday in January, and on the Third Monday in April; and shall adjourn, *Dedie in Diem*, until all Trials and other Business that is to be dispatched and transacted by Juries, shall be finished; and then the said Court may adjourn to any further Days or Times for giving Judgment, awarding, executing, or doing any other lawful and necessary Business, belonging to the said Court, about which the Attendance of Juries is not required by Law; any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding. And that all Process, Warrants, Orders, Recognizances, and other Matters and Things, now depending in the Court of General Sessions; and all proceedings thereupon had, which before the passing of this Act stood adjourned over, continued, or were returnable at the Court of General Sessions, heretofore appointed to be holden on the Third Wednesday in October next, shall be continued, proceeded upon, heard, tried, judged and determined, at the next Court of General Sessions, hereby appointed to be held the Third Monday in October next; and the said Court is hereby authorized, and impowered to proceed thereupon, and to make such Orders relating thereto as the said Court might or could do, if it was to be held the said Third Wednesday in October next, and this Act had never been passed: Any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary thereof, in any wise notwithstanding.

By Order of the House,
THOMAS FARR, jun. Clerk.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on the 11th Day of August, Instant, *Thomas Pike, Stephen Manyck*, jun. *Jonathan Drake*, and *Thomas Frierson*, being duly summoned and returned to serve as Jurors at the said Court, made Default, and were noted for non-appearance. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the said Defaulters will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS, Proclamation Money each, unless they shall respectively make good and sufficient Excuses upon Oath, for their non-appearance, on or before the first Tuesday in October next.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, August 19, 1767.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

AN Apprentice to the Printing-Business; he must be a sober, honest, sprightly Lad.—Such an one will meet with suitable Encouragement; and his Friends may depend on his being well treated.——The Parties may apply to Charles Crouch, at his Printing-Office in Elliott-street

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To be sold separate or together,

TWO valuable plantations or tracts of land, in a very healthy and pleasant situation, on *Wadmelaw* river, and parish of *St. Paul*, very conveniently situated for tending the Charles-Town markets; the one containing 1480 acres, greatly improved, and on which forty field slaves may be employed to advantage in the culture of rice, hemp, indico, or provisions: The other tract contains 1190 acres, adjoining the above, has some good rice land, and a large quantity of good corn land: Either of the above tracts will suit to be divided, so as to make, in the whole, four pretty and profitable country seats for such gentlemen as chooſe to reside upon the salts, or wants a place conveniently situated for tending the market: The whole will be sold at a moderate price, and one or two years credit allowed, (if the purchaser desires it) upon having good security, and interest from the first of January, 1768, when the purchaser might take possession, or sooner if desired.——Also 636 acres of very fine corn and rice land, pleasantly situated on said river, and but a small distance from the other two tracts, and will be sold on the said terms. Apply to FRANCIS YONGE.

Who has for sale, a fine SCHOONER, burthen one hundred and ten barrels; well built, and made of the best timber, is compleatly rigged, not yet three years old, and draws five feet water. tbc.

On Tuesday the 15th of September next, at 12 o'Clock at Noon, will be sold at publick Auction, at the usual Place in Charles-Town;

A Commodious tenement, well situated for trade, in Tradd-street, with seven good rooms; a kitchen, wash-house, store-room, and other conveniencies, suitable for a family.——The lot contains 25 feet eight inches in front, and 61 feet and a half in depth, with an addition of back land, measuring 16 feet deep, from north to south, and 50 feet long from east to west; the kitchen, &c. stands on part of the back land, which makes the yard large and commodious. The said house formerly belonged to Mr. Moses Audebert, and is to be sold by order of Mr. Philip Audebert, residing in Antigua, who is the present proprietor.——The titles may be seen in the hands of William Burrows, Esq; any time before the sale.

TO BE SOLD,

AN excellent POINTER BITCH, for land or water, that has few equals, and none better in the province. Enquire of the printer, who can likewise inform any gentleman of a young man who would engage on easy terms, for the sake of instruction, to attend a store.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Honourable the Court of Chancery in this Province, will be ſold before the Subſcriber, at his Houſe in Tradd-Street, on Tueſday the 29th Day of September next, at 12 o'Clock at Noon, upon the Terms and Conditions to be then and there declared; all that Piece or Part of a Town Lot of Land on the South Side and upper End of Broad-Street, lately belonging to the Eſtate of JAMES ST. JOHN, deceaſed, containing in Front at leaſt 36 Feet, butting and bounding to the Weſtward on another Part of the ſaid Lot, lately purchaſed by Mr. WILLIAM LOGAN, and on all other Sides on Land belonging to the Honourable OTHNIEL BEALE, Eſq. A Plat of the ſaid Land may be ſeen in the Hands of

WILLIAM BURROWS, Maſter in Chancery.

THOMAS RADCLIFFE, jun.

Has juſt imported in the Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon, *Maſter, from Philadelphia*;

SUPERFINE Flour in Barrels, half Barrels, and Kegs, Water Biſcuit in Kegs, and Bar Iron; which with a compleat Aſſortment of Dry Goods, Jamaica, Weſt-India, and Northward Rum, Madera Wine, barrelled Porter, Muſcovado Sugar, &c. he will ſell on reaſonable Terms at his Store in Broad-ſtreet.—Where may be bought any Quantity of exceeding good ſeaſoned Cypreſs Boards.

TO BE SOLD,

A Low-Water Lot of LAND in Charles-Town, containing 21 Feet in Front, and 360 Feet in Depth, adjoining the Market oppoſite the Vendue-Houſe.—Whoever inclines to purchaſe, may apply to the Subſcriber, in whoſe Hands the Plat and Grant thereof may be ſeen.

Auguſt 23, 1767. PETER BACOT.

ALL Perſons whatever who are any ways indebted to the Eſtate of BENJAMIN BACKHOUSE, deceaſed, are requeſted to pay or ſettle their ſeveral Bonds, Notes, and Accounts, on or before the firſt Day of December next; and thoſe to whom the Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to deliver in an Account of their reſpective Demands by that Time.

The Subſcriber continues to carry on the Buſineſs both in Town and up the Path, where ſhe will be obliged for the Continuance of the Favours of her Friends and Cuſtomers, to whom ſhe now takes this publick Method of returning Thanks for their former Kindneſs.

KATHARINE BACKHOUSE, Adminiſtratrix.

ANNE COX,

TAKES this Method to acquaint her Friends and Cuſtomers, that ſhe has removed from Elliott-ſtreet to the Corner of Tradd and Church-ſtreets, (the Houſe that Dr. Bulline keeps Shop in) where ſhe carries on the Mantua-making Buſineſs in all its Branches; ſhe alſo makes Children's Slips, and teaches them to read, ſew, mark, and Iriſh ſtitch.——She has two very good Rooms to let, either furniſhed or unfurniſhed, and alſo a good Cellar in Tradd-ſtreet.——She takes none but white Children.

JOHNSON's SHAKESPEAR, in Eight Volumes, Quarto, neatly bound, gilt and lettered, to be ſold at Eight for One, Caſh.——Enquire of the Printer.

HENRY REEVES, & Co.

Will exchange the following GOODS at the neat ſterling coſt, for ſuch goods as they may want at the ſame rate;

IRON and braſs wire ſcives, Indian corn mills, door hinges of different ſizes, iron rim'd locks with pullbacks, fiſh hooks, carpenters planes ſorted, whip ſaws, ditto files, tin kettles, narrow hoes, black figured allamodes, counterpanes, thickſets, white catgut, herring bones, ſhaving boxes and bruſhes, ſoap balls and boxes, red clay figured tea pots, bibles, ſilk ferretings, king's honey water, lavender and hungary ditto, gilt quarter poſt paper, plain ditto, white ſtone diſhes, rappee ſnuff, tin cannifters, glaſs ſhades, ditto biſhops, cantharides, mens ſhoes, boots and ſpatterdaſhes, 6-4 ſtriped cotton hollands, mahogany deſks, book caſes, clothes preſſes, and ladies dreſſing ſtands, ditto night tables, GREEN TEA, ditto in cannifters.

STRAYED from Charles-Town, the 22d inſtant, THREE HORSES, viz. A ROAN, with ſeveral Brands, not well remembered, one like 53, one like R in one, with a Diamond a-top, and one like a Flower de Luce; trots and paces.

A GREY and a BAY, both branded R in one, with a Diamond a-top, and are trotters.—They are all Chair-Horſes. Whoever will deliver them to Mrs. RICHARDS, at (Rantowle's or) Stono-Bridge, or to Mr. TIMOTHY, in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a Reward of TWELVE POUNDS. JULY 27, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of LAND on the BAY, near the GUARD-HOUSE, with two Tenements thereon, occupied by Mrs. DAVIDSON and Mr. DOWNES, Watch-Maker. For further Particulars, apply to WILLIAM WRAGG, Eſq; in Charles-Town, or to me at Coatbaw.

Auguſt 21, 1767. MARY DRAKE.

WILLIAM HUTCHINGS,

TEACHER of READING, WRITING, and ARITHMETIC, both Vulgar and Decimal, in GADSDEN's ALLEY;

ACQUAINTS the PUBLIC, that he has opened an EVENING SCHOOL for the Seaſon, where young GENTLEMEN may be qualified either for the Merchant or Mechanic's Buſineſs, in the moſt correct and expeditious Manner.

N. B. Children boarded and educated on moderate terms.

JOHN LAMPUT, WHEEL-WRIGHT,

HAVING removed from the corner of Meeting-ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. William Holliday's, to a part of the ſame ſtreet, oppoſite Mrs. Logan's; where he continues to carry on the ſaid buſineſs in all its branches, viz. Makes and mends new chair-wheels and carriages, carts, drays, and wheel-barrows.——As he has always been noted for application to buſineſs, hopes to give content to his former cuſtomers, and to merit encouragement from others.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of Land on Lady's Iſland, fronting Cuſſaw River, exceeding good for Corn and Indico, with a ſmall Quantity of very good Rice Land.——Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may treat with JOHN PALMER, at his Plantation on Lady's Iſland.

St. Paul's Pariſh, Auguſt 24, 1767.

A Black trotting mare, between 13 and 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock F L, part of her hind hoofs are white, and appears to be about five years old. The owner of the above ſtray, muſt prove his property before EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

TO BE SOLD,

At public SALE, at the Vendue-Houſe in CHARLES-TOWN, on the 10th of November, preciſely at eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon;

A *Valuable Tract of Swamp Lands, containing* 350 *Acres; inferior to none in the Province, on account of the richneſs of the Soil, being one entire bed of very large* CANE, *is bluff on the River, lying and being in St. Mark's Pariſh, nigh the Mouth of the Wateree River, on the North Side of the ſaid River, about two Miles below where Capt. John Dargan, deceaſed, lived; being about* 90 *Miles from Charles-Town, and above the Mouth of Broad River, which clears it of the frequent Freſhes of Santee River, occaſioned by the meeting of two large Rivers into one. The ſaid Land begins at a wild Cherry Tree, and runs off from the Bank of the River, North* 70 *Chains, Eaſt* 107 *Chains; thence South* 20 *Chains, Eaſt* 29 *Chains; thence South* 70 *Chains, Weſt* 118 *Chains; thence along the River Bank to the firſt Station; all Sides on vacant Land at the Time it was granted to the Subſcriber. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe before the Day of Sale, may treat with the Subſcriber, at* Ewehaws, Indian Land.——*If the Land ſhould not be ſold, the Subſcriber would be willing to join in Partnerſhip in planting the ſaid Land, as his Number of Hands is not ſufficient alone to be worth his Attendance.*

JACOB VAN BEBBER.

N. B. *About ten Hands would be taken on Shares, to join that Number for five Years.* tbc.

BROUGHT to the ſubſcriber's houſe by a white lad who lives with Mr. Benjamin Haſkins, and thrown in at a window and there left, a black BROAD-CLOTH COAT, the back and ſleeves lined with brown holland, has ſome of the ſame cloth in the pockets.——Whoever owns the ſaid coat, may have it by applying to JOHN SEALY, jun.

WILLIAM ADAMS, Writing-Maſter;

Next door to Mr. Thomas Legare, *jun. in* King-ſtreet, *(to which he has removed)*

TAKES this method of acquainting the public, that he has opened a SCHOOL, at his houſe; where children, and youth of both ſexes are taught reading, and writing a variety of the moſt uſeful hands; vulgar and decimal arithmatic, together with merchants accompts, menſuration, guaging, &c. in the moſt conciſe and expeditious manner.—Agreeable to his former advertiſements in this paper, teaches to write a legible hand in ſix weeks, at one hour per day. A ſpecimen of a Dutch girl's writing, who was never at any Engliſh ſchool before, whom he has taught to write a legible hand in four weeks; and another of about twelve years of age, who has been taught the ſame in twenty-four days, may be ſeen at CROUCH's printing-office, and at his ſchool. He returns thanks to thoſe who already have been pleaſed to employ him: The general utility his plan in teaching will be of to thoſe who are deſirous of gaining a competant knowledge of the uſe of the pen, arithmatic, &c. in a ſhort time, together with his continued aſſiduity, he hopes will recommend him to the favour of the public.—Mrs. ADAMS makes childrens gowns, ſlips, and teaches them to ſew, mark, &c. She clear ſtarches, and waſhes ſilk ſtockings in the beſt manner.

N. B. He has opened an EVENING-SCHOOL.

Chriſt-Church Pariſh, Auguſt 28, 1767.

STRAYED into the plantation of William Hopton, Eſq; a bay mare neither branded or dockt, with a blaze on her face, is about 13 hands high, appears to be about four years old, and has with her a year old colt. The owner muſt prove his property before

ANDREW HIBBEN, J. P.

PRODUCED to me by Henry Bonneau, of St. Thomas's pariſh, a large brown ſteer, about ſeven or eight years old, a ſlit in his right ear, the other a hole, and a piece taken out of the under part, unbranded.——Whoever owns the ſaid ſtray, muſt apply in ſix months, as the law directs in that caſe, to

BENJAMIN MARION, J. P.

JOHN OHLIN,

At the Old Sugar-Houſe, the upper End of Broad-Street;

TAKES this method of acquainting the public, that he has a quantity of SUGAR for ſale, at the following prices, viz. loaf ſugar at 5s. the pound, lump ditto at 4s. and baſtard ſugar at 3s. Thoſe who are pleaſed to favour me with their cuſtom, may depend on being ſerved to their ſatisfaction, by their humble ſervant,

JOHN OHLIN.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILLIAM HAIR, who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the Suit of *Robert Mills*, Adminiſtrator of the Eſtate of *Robert Smith*, deceaſed, having petitioned the Honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *Robert Mills*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted.

William Ancrum, Lambert Lance, and *Aaron Loocock*, to whom Part of the Petitioner's Effects are mortgaged, are ſummoned to be and appear at the Time and Place above-mentioned, to render an Account upon Oath, of what is really and *bona fide* due upon their Mortgage, on pain of having the ſame deemed fraudulent.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 15, 1767.

THE Subſcriber intending to go off the Province early next Spring, will ſell at publick Outcry, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, *on Tueſday the* 22*d Day of October next*, A *very* VALUABLE PLANTATION, on the South Side of Santee River, containing upwards of *Two Thouſand Acres*, having thereon two very large Barns, an Overſeer's Houſe, Negro Houſes, a Corn-Houſe, Stable, and other neceſſary Buildings.——*One Hundred Acres* of the River Swamp are ditched in, and under extraordinary good Banks. About *One Hundred Acres* more, uncleared Swamp, are adjoining, lies very convenient to the Barn, will require very little or no ditching, and is eſteemed to be exceeding good.——A very large and extenſive Reſervoir, that holds a prodigious Quantity of Water, is at Hand, ſo that ſhould the Summer be dry, and the Spring Tides low, you are at no loſs, as you can command plenty from the Reſervoir.——The Remainder of the Land back, is moſtly Pine, (on which is a great deal of Light-Wood) and runs on WASHO CREEK, (to ſecure the Head of Water) near five Miles. Said Creek divides the above from other Lands of the Subſcriber's, and will be made the dividing Line; but a Right to the Uſe of the Reſervoir will be made to the Purchaſer.

As there are many People who poſſibly are, or may be prejudiced by idle Reports againſt the above Lands not producing Crops, unjuſtly imagining that the Land is hurt by the Salts. I ſhall be glad ſuch People will give themſelves the Trouble to go thither now, and let the preſent Crop of ſixty Acres of Rice, with Corn, &c. ſatisfy them of the Truth.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid Plantation by private Sale, or, as the whole conſiſts of five Tracts as originally run out, if a Number of Perſons ſhould want to purchaſe the Tracts ſeparately, ſo that the Whole may be diſpoſed of, he or they are deſired to apply to the Subſcriber in Charles-Town, before the Day of Sale, who has a Plat of the Whole, and will treat upon the moſt reaſonable Terms.——Two of the ſaid Tracts, lying at the Head of the Creek, has a good Body of fine Swamp, ſupplied with Abundance of large Cypreſs, and is capable of being made a fine Rice Plantation. Any Perſon deſirous of ſeeing the above Lands, is deſired to apply to Mr. JONAH COLLINS, who will ſhew it. SAMPSON NEYLE.

N. B. As ſoon as the Land is diſpoſed of, I purpoſe to ſell fifteen or twenty Negroes. *Auguſt* 1, 1767.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

NICHOLAS WILLIAMS, who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the Suit of *John Paul Grimke*, having petitioned the Honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common-Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *John Paul Grimke*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common-Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 15, 1767.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

October 7, 1766. A well ſet new Negro fellow, who ſpeaks no Engliſh, has on an old white Negro Cloth jacket with pewter buttons, has a ſmall beard.——Taken up at Cooſawatchee.

——The abve Negro fellow, ſince his being advertiſed, ſays his name is FRANK.

December 13. A pretty tall well made Negro fellow who calls himſelf MARCH, but will not or cannot tell his maſter's name; has on old white Negro cloth cloaths and blanket, a large bump on his right ſhoulder; and was taken up at Col. Heyward's plantation, Cuckhold's creek, Combahee.

June 19, 1767. A Negro fellow who calls himſelf WILL, but can't tell his maſter or his country's name; he is about 5 feet two inches high, has a ſmall beard, and branded on the right ſhoulder thus O; has on a brown double breaſted jacket, and white Negro cloth breeches, and was taken up at Mr. Hog's plantation, called Hog-Neck, Indian-Land.

July 18. A dark mulatto who calls himſelf *John Burnet*, ſays he is free, and was born in Heneritta county in Virginia; but now his father lives at Long-Canes, were he has been three years, and ſays they both uſed to drive waggons, by one of which he has loſt all the fingers of his right hand; he alſo ſays he is a ſawyer, and was coming to town to look for work; has nothing on but an old ſhirt, and was taken up at Mr. Croft's plantation, up the path.

July 22. A new Negro fellow, who calls himſelf *Belfaſt*, and ſays his maſter's name is *Bobby*; he is about five feet ſix inches high, full faced, and has the mark of a ſhot on his left thigh, which he ſaid was done by his maſter; has on an old white Negro cloth jacket and yellow breeches; and was taken up at Mr. Ball's plantation, Silk-Hope.

Auguſt 12. A Negro fellow who calls himſelf SAMBO, and ſays his maſter's name is Thomas; he is about five feet ſix inches high, pitted with the ſmall pox, full faced, and a long beard, is between 30 and 40 years of age; has on an old white Negro cloth jacket and blue breeches, and was taken up at Mr. William Coachman's plantation, Ponpon.

Auguſt 24. A negro fellow of the Yallunka country, calls himſelf DAVEY, but can't tell his maſter's name; he is about 5 feet 5 inches high, carries the marks of an old offender on his back, aged upwards of 40 years; has on an old white negro cloth jacket, and old oznabrugs trowſers, dyed with indico. Taken up at James Dolly's plantation at Euhaws, but ſaid to be harboured at James Fiſher's ſix months, which is neighbouring.

WANTS A PLACE,

A Woman that is capable of taking the charge of a large or ſmall family as houſe-keeper; in which capacity ſhe has lived in London. She underſtands the making of paſtry, jellies, pickling, preſerving, &c. and has no objection to the care of children.——Any Gentleman or Lady, that wants ſuch a perſon, will, on directing a line to A. B. to be left at the Printer's, be immediately waited on.

THESE are to forewarn all perſons from crediting any one in my name, without a written order from JOHN or MARY KESSON.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, at his Printing-Office in Elliott-ſtreet.